Unity, Diversity, and Justice Crossword

The Unity, Diversity, and Justice exhibit was featured at the DCC in 2013 and now exists as an online exhibit on the DCC website. The exhibit explores Canada's approach to human rights declarations and actions both on domestic and international levels. Strengths and weaknesses of various human rights documents, amendments, and declarations of Canada and the United Nations are explored. The exhibit delves into Canadian historic and modern views on human rights and how that fits into global themes of justice, diversity, and equality through achieved freedoms. Try out this crossword while going through the Unity, Diversity, and Justice exhibit. If you need a hint, they are on the next page!



Down

- 1. While the Bill was vulnerable to amendments by the government with a simple majority vote, the Charter is_____in the Constitution.
- 2. The Bill of Rights introduced to judges and this other profession the discourse of rights.
- 3. This province refused to formally sanction the Charter of Rights and Freedoms and has used the Notwithstanding Clause many times.
- For some changes to the Charter of Rights and Freedoms, a vote of provinces out of ten (with a collective sum of 50% of the population) is needed.
- 8. This type of law under section 15 of the Charter of Rights and Freedoms provides equal protection and benefit of law to every person individually, regardless of their group association.
- In addition to identifying and defending individual rights, the Charter aspires to promote national values as a counterbalance to regional or sectional _____.
- 14. _____ laws in the Bill of Rights treated all members of one group identically but did not treat groups equally.
- In addition to identifying and defending individual rights, the Charter aspires to promote national values as a counterbalance to regional or sectional _____.

- 5. In addition to the Bill of Rights creation, a truly _____ yet united Canada helped define John Diefenbaker's vision for One Canada.
- 6. This act of 1982 separated the Canadian constitution from Britain.
- 7. This clause allowed Liberals to gain support for the Charter of Rights and Freedoms from most provinces because of its overriding power.
- 10. The Bill introduced Canadian lawyers and judges to the discourse of rights, and sharpened Canadian awareness that protecting human rights and _____.
- 11. Judges were uncomfortable with the way the Bill of Rights could interfere with this 1867 act that gave Canadaian government authority.
- 12. The first province to enact a provincial Bill of Rights in 1947.
- 13. The Bill of Rights was enacted in this month in 1960.
- 15. This Canadian Prime Minister inspired the idea of international peacekeeping and received a Nobel Peace prize for his efforts in ending the Suez Crisis. (Last name)
- 17. This name was attributed to a set of amendments that attempted to define Quebec as a distinct society in Canada but it did not pass due to other provincial oppositions.



#FunFriday @diefcentre @diefenbakercentre 306-966-8384 dief.centre@usask.ca usask.ca/diefenbaker



Hint: Find the answers in these categories from Diefenbaker Canada Centre's "Unity, Diversity, and Justice" online exhibit available at https://diefenbaker.usask.ca/virtual-exhibits/unity,-diversity,-justice.php

Down

- 1. Charting a Course
- 2. Lessons Learned
- 3. Notwithstanding Clause
- 4. Charting a Course
- 8. Substantive vs Formal Laws
- 9. Coming of Age
- 14. Substantive vs Formatl Laws
- 16. Entrenchments

Across

- 5. Leading the Way
- 6. Patriation
- 7. Entrenchment
- 10. Lessons Learned
- 11. Leading the Way
- 12. Canadian Human Rights Legistlation
- 13. Leading the Way
- 15. Keeping the Peace
- 17. Unfinished Business



#FunFriday @diefcentre @diefenbakercentre 306-966-8384 dief.centre@usask.ca usask.ca/diefenbaker

